

# Axial piston pumps type PVPC

variable displacement, by a full line of mechanical controls



1) pumps with ISO 3019/2 mounting flange and shaft (option /M) are available on request

### 2 OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

Pump model		PVPC-	*-3029	PVPC-	*-4046	PVPC-	*-5073	PVPC-	*-5090	
Displacement	[cm <sup>3</sup> /rev]	2	9	4	6	7	3	8	8	
Theoretical max flow at 1450 rpm	[l/min]	4	2	66	i,7	10	5,8	12	7,6	
Max working pressure / Peak pressure[bar]			280/350 280/350		/350	280/350		250/315		
Min/Max inlet pressure [bar abs.]		0,8 / 25		0,8 / 25		0,8 / 25		0,8 / 25		
Max pressure on drain port [bar abs.]		1 '	5	1,5		1,5		1,5		
Power consumption at 1450 rpm and at [kW] maximum pressure and displacement		19,9		31	,6	50	), 1	54	l,1	
Max torque on the first shaft	[Nm]	Type 1 155	Type 5 190	Type 1 220	Type 5 330	Type 1 400	Type 5 620	Type 1 400	Type 5 620	
Max permissible load on drive shaft	[N] Fax Frad	1000 1500		1500 1500		2000 3000		2000 3000		
Speed rating	peed rating [rpm]		600 ÷ 3000		600 ÷ 2600		600 ÷ 2200		600 ÷ 1850	



Notes: For speeds over 1800 rpm the inlet port must be under oil level with adequate pipes. Maximum pressure for all models with option /WG is

160 bar, with option /PE is 190 bar. Max speed with options /WG and /PE is 2000/1900/1600/1500 rpm respectively for the four sizes.

### 3 MAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT AXIAL PISTON PUMP TYPE PVPC

Installation position	Any position. The drain port must be on the top of the pump. Drain line must be separated and					
	unrestricted to the reservoir and extended below the oil level as far from the inlet as possible.					
	Suggested maximum line lenght is 3 m.					
Ambient temperature	from -20°C to +70°C					
Fluid	Hydraulic oil as per DIN 51524535; for other fluids see section 1					
Recommended viscosity	15÷100 mm²/sec at 40°C (ISO VG 15÷100). Maximum start-up viscosity: 1000 mm²/sec					
Fluid contamination class	ISO 16/13 (filters at 10 $\mu$ m value with $\beta_{10} \ge 75$ recommended)					
Fluid temperature	-20°C +60°C -20°C +50°C (seals /WG) -20°C +80°C (seals /PE)					

### 3.1 Coils characteristics (for version CH)

Insulation class	Н					
Connector protection degree	IP 65					
Relative duty factor	100%					
Supply voltage and frequency	See electric feature 5					
Supply voltage tolerance	± 10%					

### 4 ELECTRIC CONNECTORS ACCORDING TO DIN 43650 FOR VERSION CH

The connectors must be ordered separately

Code of connector	Function			
SP-666	Connector IP-65, suitable for direct connection to electric supply source			
SP-667	As SP-666 connector IP-65 but with built-in signal led, suitable for direct connection to electric supply source			

Type soler		External supply nominal voltage ±10% (1)		Type of connector	Power consumption (3)	Code of spare coil	Colour of coil label
C	)	DIRECT CURRENT	6 DC 12 DC 24 DC 48 DC	SP-666 or SP-667	33 W	SP-COU-6DC /80 SP-COU-12DC /80 SP-COU-24DC /80 SP-COU-48DC /80	brown green red silver
		ALTERNATE CURRENT	110/50 AC (2) 120/60 AC 230/50 AC (2) 230/60 AC	SP-666 or SP-667	60 VA (4)	SP-COI-110/50/60AC /80 SP-COI-120/60AC /80 SP-COI-230/50/60AC /80 SP-COI-230/60AC /80	yellow white light blue silver

## 5 ELECTRIC FEATURES FOR VERSION CH

- (1) For other supply voltages available on request see technical table E010.
- (2) Coil can be supplied also with 60 Hz of voltage frequency: in this case the performances are reduced by 10 ÷ 15% and the power consumption is 55 VA.
- (3) Average values based on tests performed at nominal hydraulic condition and ambient/coil temperature of 20°C.
- (4) When solenoid is energized, the inrush current is approx 3 times the holding current. Inrush current values correspond to a power consumption of about 150 VA.

#### 6 DIAGRAMS at 1450 rpm (based on mineral oil ISO VG 46 at 50°C)

### 6.1 Noise level curves

Ambient noise levels measured in compliance with ISO 4412-1 oleohydraulics -Test procedure to define the ambient noise level - Pumps Shaft speed: 1450 rpm.





 $\boldsymbol{4} = \text{Power consumption with full flow}$ 

5 = Power consumption at pressure compensation



### 6.2 Operating limits

1 = Volumetric efficiency

2 = Overall efficiency

3 = Flow versus pressure curve





### PVPC-\*-4046 100 Efficiency [%] 80 Power consumption [kW] 3 60 Flow [I/min] 40 4 20 8 5 0 300 100 200 Operating pressure [bar]



PVPC-\*-5073



### 6.3 Response times

6.3.1 Response times and pressure peack due to variation  $0\% \rightarrow 100\% \rightarrow 0\%$  of the pump displacement, obtained with an istantaneously opening and shut-off of the delivery line.

Pump type	<b>T1</b> (ms)	<b>T2</b> (ms)
PVPC-*-3029	31	19
PVPC-*-4046	44	20
PVPC-*-5073	50	25
PVPC-*-5090	52	27

6.3.2 Variation of inlet pressure and reduction of displacement with increasing speed rating







HYDRAULIC AND ELECTROHYDRAULIC CONTROLS 7

> IN 👗 D1 D2



Pressure [bar]



### A160





A160



Drawing shows pumps with clockwise rotation (option D): pumps with counterclockwise rotation (option S) will have inlet and outlet ports inverted and also the consequently position of the control groups

Pump type	Version	A	В	С	D	E	Mass (kg)
	СН	168	111	-	-	-	22
PVPC-*-3029	L-R	144	111	100	-	-	19,2
	LW	144	111	-	211	104	20
	СН	177	111	-	-	-	28
PVPC-*-4046	L-R	153	111	109	-	-	25,2
	LW	153	111	-	235	111	26
PVPC-*-5073	СН	190	111	-	-	-	36,9
	L-R	166	111	122	-	-	34,2
PVPC-*-5090	LW	166	111	-	258	120	35